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Q1

Contact information

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Q2

3D

Select the Advisory Neighborhood Commission in which you are running:

Q3

01

Select the SMD in which you are running:

Q4

Please upload a headshot that GGWash has your permission to use in its materials related to the 2024 election and endorsements process in the District, which may include publication on our website, in emails, on social media, or in other formats.

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Q5

Where in your Advisory Neighborhood Commission, not just your SMD, do you think density should be increased to accommodate the construction of new housing? If you do not think density should be increased in your ANC, please write, "I do not think density should be increased in my ANC."

Along major corridors, such as Massachusetts Avenue, New Mexico Avenue, and MacArthur Blvd.

Q6

Means-tested or income-restricted

I consider affordable housing to be (check all that, in your opinion, apply):

Q7

Not means-tested or income-restricted

I consider market-rate housing to be (check all that, in your opinion, apply):

Q8

I would encourage developers to maximize the height and density of the project.

The District's inclusionary zoning law "requires that eight to 10 percent of the residential floor area be set-aside for affordable units in most new residential development projects of 10 or more units." The cost of doing so is paid by a project's developer, and IZ units are income-restricted. Because the number of IZ units is tied to floor-area ratio, the larger a building is, the more IZ units will be built. Conversely, if the initial density proposed by a developer is reduced during the approvals process, rather than maintained or increased, fewer IZ units will be built. ANC commissioners are likely to hear from some constituents concerned by a project's potential impact—real or assumed—on traffic, parking, views, and property values and rents, and whether it fits the character of the neighborhood. While it is not a guarantee that a development proposal including IZ units will come before your ANC, if one does, what would you do, given the likelihood of at least some pushback?

Q9

Planned unit developments are projects in which developers are able to exceed the height and density allowed by the District's zoning code up to the density allowed by its Future Land Use Map (typically a modest increase in scale) in exchange for a community benefits agreement. While it is not a guarantee that a PUD will be proposed in your ANC, if one is, the commission is likely to be the party negotiating that community benefits agreement with a developer. The following are examples of benefits that an ANC might push for in such an agreement. Please rank them in the order in which you would prioritize them.

- | | |
|--|----------|
| More income-restricted, subsidized units than are required by District law | 1 |
| Income-restricted, subsidized units restricted to lower income levels than initially proposed by the developer | 3 |
| Income-restricted, subsidized units with more than one bedroom | 2 |
| Parks, landscaping, and/or public art | 4 |
| A Capital Bikeshare station | 6 |
| Improvements or repairs to, or replacement of, streets and sidewalks | 5 |
| Direct cash payments to local organizations, such as civic associations and ANCs | 8 |
| Direct cash payments to local schools and youth programs | 7 |
-

Greater Greater Washington Endorsement Questionnaire: Advisory Neighborhood Commissioners
2024 General Election

Q10
Check any of the below combinations of features that you would consider social housing.

District-owned housing on District-owned land, built by a District agency and managed by a District agency

District-owned housing on District-owned land, built by a private construction company and managed by a District agency

Q11
Should apartments be legal to build District-wide?

No

Q12
Which statement do you agree with most?

New housing should be built both along major corridors and throughout existing residential neighborhoods, in buildings of all sizes.

Q13
Which of these statements best describes your feelings about historic districts in the District?

Historic districts are important, but they are also problematic. We have the right number of historic districts and landmarks and shouldn't be adding more.

Q14
The District is likely to begin a rewrite of its Comprehensive Plan, its foundational land-use document, in 2025. In a rewrite of the Comprehensive Plan, which of these three options would be your top priority?

Creating opportunities for new housing in my commission's area

Q15
My ANC, not just my SMD, has:

Just the right amount

Q16
Do you think there are not enough cars, enough cars, or too many cars in the District?

Too many cars

Q17
The Sustainable D.C. 2.0 plan includes a target of reducing commuter trips made by car to 25 percent. Do you agree that incentivizing residents and visitors to drive less should be an explicit policy goal of the District?

Yes

Q18

Incentives for people to drive less and nudges to make them drive safely can prevent drivers from killing other people, but research shows such “carrots” won’t be enough to curb the public health crisis of increasing traffic fatalities. Keeping people alive and safe on District roads requires policies that actively reshape our transportation systems and built environment to decrease single-occupancy vehicle trips, and to slow down drivers when they do make those trips. Please rank the following policies in the order that you would like to see the District government pursue them.

Implementing a road-pricing program	10
Increasing the cost to own a car in the District, including RPP and parking registration	5
Removing minimum parking requirements in new developments near transit	4
Implementing road diets on arterial streets	2
Making some streets, especially residential streets, car-free	11
Regional reciprocity for automated traffic enforcement	1
Building more housing and affordable housing in the District proximate to transit and job centers	9
Regularly removing travel lanes for bus lanes	7
Regularly removing parking lanes for bus lanes	3
Regularly removing travel lanes for bike lanes	8
Regularly removing parking lanes for bike lanes	6

Q19

The above question asks about systemic policies to reduce trips by car that the District's executive and legislative branches would need to initiate. As a commissioner, your powers are only advisory, but the intensely local nature of the role means that you can direct your attention to shepherding improvements to the built environment in your neighborhood that, while smaller in scale than changing District law or instituting a new citywide program, are no less important to making all road users safer. Please rank the following initiatives in the order you would be most enthusiastic about your ANC considering a resolution concerning them.

- | | |
|--|----------|
| The installation of more automated traffic enforcement cameras to ticket drivers for speeding or running red lights and stop signs | 1 |
| The removal of parking spaces as part of a project to widen sidewalks | 2 |
| The removal of parking spaces as part of a project to build a protected bike lane | 3 |
| The removal of parking spaces as part of a project to build a bus-priority lane | 4 |
| The removal of parking spaces near crosswalks to increase the visibility of pedestrians to drivers, referred to as "daylighting" | 5 |
| The removal of residential parking spaces to enable short-term parking for delivery drivers | 8 |
| The installation of speed bumps to slow down drivers | 6 |
| The installation of raised crosswalks with high-visibility signage to alert drivers to pedestrians | 7 |
| The temporary or permanent closure of certain streets to single-occupancy vehicles to create zones for pedestrians | 9 |

Q20

On-street parking occurs in public space. This means that an on-street parking spot does not belong to a specific individual, and people park in different places at different times. What do you consider a reasonable rule of thumb for deciding if a neighborhood has enough street parking?

A resident is able to find an available public street parking space within one to two blocks in any direction of their residence (about a two- to four-minute walk), most of the time

Q21

The District's goal to be carbon-free by 2050 requires most of the reduction of its transportation emissions to come from residents turning existing single-occupancy vehicle trips into transit, walking, and biking trips. Please describe at least one trip you currently take by car (even if you, yourself, are not driving) that you can commit to taking on foot, by bus, by train, via a mobility device, or by bike instead.

Already walk to most places.

Q22

What do you feel is the biggest issue in your neighborhood, and what is your position on it? And, given the limited scope of commissioners' and commissions' authority, what would you, most realistically, do about that issue if you are elected?

I feel the biggest issue in my neighborhood is, and my position on it is:

Transportation issues: Access to good public transportation, safe sidewalks and intersections, traffic calming, safer bicycle and scooter usage..

If elected, I would:

I would continue to serve on my ANC's transportation committee and continue to make recommendations to District agencies, especially DDOT (our Transportation Committee/ANC generates approximately 1 letter a month to DDOT related to these issues.

Q23

ANC commissioners represent about 2,000 constituents and, when sworn in, commit to upholding the District of Columbia's interests, not solely your commission's or single-member district's. With the understanding that you are not going hear from every single one of your constituents during your term, and that commissioners are sworn to act in the interest of the entire District, describe how you might make decisions as an elected representative.

I would continue to solicit views from constituents, using list servs and the new constituent engagement software I have promoted without our ANC. Having hear these ideas, I assess which are the best ideas and how can we be most persuasive of the District agency involved. Sometimes this involves making compromises so that we achieve some good, even if it is not all that we want.

Q24

Why do you think you are the right person to serve as an ANC commissioner for your SMD?

In my 8 years as a Commissioner I have learned how the District agencies think and work, and have developed ways to be helpful in bringing about change. Now with our new constituent engagement website, I will have an even better sense of what our constituents want and need, and can shape policy recommendations to try to achieve them. Because I am retired, I spend 30-40 hours a week on ANC matters.
